Carmarthenshire's Welsh in Education Strategic Plan

2014 - 2017

(December 2015 Update)

Highlighted text – has been reviewed/changed from original 2014 version of the WESP





Section 1

Carmarthenshire's vision and objectives for Welsh medium education

Learning in Carmarthenshire – addition to original plan to show our vision and priorities

Our vision ...

To provide a service which will ensure access to high quality learning opportunities for all children, young people and adults, thus enabling the achievement of their full potential within the context of the unique bilingual nature of the county

Our policy for promoting learning ...

The promotion of learning is our core purpose. We believe that effective learners:

- know how to learn on their own and with others
- can progressively manage their own learning
- enjoy learning
- are confident and motivated to continue learning throughout life

The Local Authority, its schools and other education providers promotes a culture that encourages people to explore views on learning and encourages people to develop a shared understanding of learning.

This work is facilitated by:

connecting with people and discussing how we learn

- sharing good practice in encouraging all pupils to think and talk about their learning styles
- clarifying and enhancing the role of Assessment for Learning (AfL)

The outcome of this work will be:

- · effective learners who have a greater propensity to achieve
- providers who engage everyone in promoting learning
- providers agreeing and implementing policies for learning
- providers who engage in action research centred on learning

Our priorities ...

- Communication across the curriculum: literacy, numeracy, bilingualism, ICT and well-being
- Assessment for Learning— raising expectations and consistency to drive out variation
- System leadership and increased collaboration

Our way of working ...

- Build trust and maintain dialogue
- Work together to embrace change, strengthen systems, practice and outcomes
- Work together to ensure that everyone is achieving

The Welsh Language in Carmarthenshire – Addition as a result of the work of Carmarthenshire's Welsh Language Task and Finish Group

When reviewing the 2011 Census results Carmarthenshire saw the greatest reduction in percentage points across Wales- from 50.3% in 2001 to 43.9% in 2011, which means that less than half of the population could speak Welsh by 2011. This is the first time in the history of the county for the percentage to fall under half.

Following the publication of the 2011 Census results the full Council agreed to establish a Task and Finish Group to research into the factors that have led to the decline and to formulate recommendations in order to address the situation. In this period between April 2013 and March 2014, a series of meetings were held to discuss the following-

- Planning
- Education
- Language and Economy
- Welsh medium workplaces and the Council's administration
- The impact of organisations who work for the benefit of the Welsh language, such as the Mentrau laith
- Opportunities to use the Welsh language in the communities in the county
- Language Transmission in the family
- Marketing the Language

Members agreed to invite a range of organisations and individuals to present evidence to the Working Group and to build on local knowledge regarding the position of the Welsh language in the county. The members agreed to invite members of the public to submit their comments with regard to the priority areas and to offer their own personal experiences with respect to the Welsh Language.

The group decided to commission two specific pieces of research work. Dr Dylan Phillips was commissioned to prepare a detailed statistical report on the state of the Welsh language in Carmarthenshire in order to have a document that would be available, not only for the work of the Working Group but as an evidence base for each of the Council's partners when planning services and activities to promote the Welsh language in the County. It was also agreed to commission the University of Wales Trinity Saint David to conduct a piece of research work regarding Planning and the Welsh Language.

Education

Carmarthenshire's Welsh Education Strategy reflects the Council's aspirations and the aspirations of the Welsh Government, as laid out in the Welsh Medium Education Strategy, the Schools Effectiveness Framework, Carmarthenshire Language Policy and the Integrated Community Strategy.

The Plan emphasises the commitment to work together to achieve the best outcomes for all Carmarthenshire's children and young people.

The Authority will work with other services to achieve the following-

- Ensure that Welsh medium or bilingual education is available to every child and that it should be within a reasonable travelling distance from children's homes. This refers to children of pre-school age and above;
- Ensure that the Welsh language continues to be taught as a first language and/or second language on the timetable in all the County's schools, in line with the statutory requirements of the Welsh Medium Education Strategy, 'providing a system and training which respond via planned methods to the increasing demand for Welsh medium education', and that from the period prior to statutory education onwards;
- Ensure that every pupil in Welsh/bilingual medium schools can speak, read and write Welsh fluently by the end of KS2;
- It is expected that linguistic progression occurs in the curricular experiences of the learners as they transfer from Key Stage 2 to Key Stage 3;
- It is expected that every pupil who has followed the Welsh first language programme in the primary stage continues with this programme on transition to the secondary phase;
- Ensure a developed progression from pre-school provision to Welsh medium/bilingual primary education to Welsh medium/bilingual secondary education. Linguistic progression is promoted from KS4 onwards to the lifelong learning career of pupils and students in the county;
- Work in partnership with all pre-school education providers, the Foundation Phase, primary and secondary schools and 14-19 learning
 pathways in order to improve the standard of Welsh as a first and second language. All the County's schools will receive advice and
 support from the System Leaders who are part of school improvement services. Further support is offered by Literacy Associate
 System Leaders and the service provided by Teachers who Improve Welsh and Bilingualism (AGGaD), as they visit the schools, by
 monitoring pupils' linguistic standards on behalf of the Local Authority;

- Ensure that children and young people who have additional educational needs receive an equal linguistic opportunity as regards Welsh medium education when fulfilling the requirements of the revised Code of Practice for ALN Wales;
 - Promote and develop learning programmes, which will enable teachers to nurture the ability and confidence to introduce Welsh as a
 first language and/or a second language;
 - Promote language awareness training for governors, parents and teaching staff;
 - Address issues in terms of linguistic ability of learning support workers who can assist with the delivery of Welsh language provision in the Foundation Phase, in Welsh medium and Welsh Second Language settings;
 - Ensure that pupils new to the County who are non-Welsh speakers are able to make full use of the service provided by Teachers who
 Improve Welsh and Bilingualism (AGGaD), so that they, following an intensive Welsh language course, can integrate naturally into
 their local school and community.
 - Promote the development of pupils' bilingual skills in all school situations, so that more Welsh is used, in proportion to individual school designation in respect of their teaching medium.

Section 2

The Action Plan

Outcome 1: More 7 year old children being educated through the medium of Welsh - Addition

Recommendations from the Census Working Party - The Welsh Language in Carmarthenshire

AIM: Increase the provision of Welsh medium education in Carmarthenshire and ensure linguistic continuity from the nursery sector along the key stages to the secondary sector so that every pupil becomes fluent and confident in Welsh and English.

- 1. That the County Council works closely with the Mudiad Meithrin and private providers to ensure that Welsh medium pre-school education is readily available in all parts of Carmarthenshire.
- 2. That the County Council prepares a definite work plan and timetable, in collaboration with school governing bodies, in order to move each primary school along the language continuum. Strategies will need to be developed for the various categories and geographical areas;
- 3. That the County Council works closely with the staff and Governing Bodies of Carmarthenshire's transitional schools (which are Welsh medium schools but with significant use of English) in order for them to become Welsh schools;
- 4. That the County Council works closely with the staff and Governing Bodies of Carmarthenshire's dual stream schools in order for them to become Welsh schools;
- 5. That the County Council agrees on the principle that all English medium primary schools over a period of time, should deliver the curriculum in the Foundation Phase mainly through the medium of Welsh as a starting point and consider different options for Key Stage 2 (KS2);
- 6. That the County Council will begin the process of identifying English medium schools which would be ready to deliver the Foundation Phase through the medium of Welsh fairly soon with the aim of offering a choice between Welsh stream or bilingual stream (25-50% Welsh medium) in KS2;
- 7. That the County Council gives full consideration to the present model for language/latecomers centres in the primary sector in Carmarthenshire and develops the provision on the basis of the Gwynedd and Ceredigion Councils model;
- 8. That the County Council adopts Gwynedd Council's Welsh Language Charter (which encourages children to speak Welsh at school and in the community) and adapts it to the requirements of Carmarthenshire;
- 10. That the County Council includes the expectations regarding the Welsh language medium provision as part of the agreement with schools, alongside areas such as discipline, attainment and attendance;

- **17.** That the County Council maintains an ongoing marketing campaign to promote Welsh medium education by explaining the advantages of being bilingual to parents and pupils;
- 18. That the Council provides training for primary and secondary school governors on the advantages of Welsh medium education and the educational, economical and community reasons why the provision should be extended across the county;
- 19. That the Council will undertake an assessment of the demand for Welsh medium education in areas where deemed necessary;

AIM: To ensure an increase in the number of families who transmit the Welsh language within Welsh medium households and mixed language households and to offer support to non-Welsh medium households to introduce the Welsh language

- **67.** That the County Council works in partnership with organisations and projects such as Twf (an organisation that promotes transmitting language in a family) and the Mudiad Meithrin to promote bilingual opportunities in the pre-school sector through targeted communities within Carmarthenshire in accordance with the statistical analysis of the use of the Welsh language;.
- 69. That the Welsh Government with the County Council's co-operation ensures that the Welsh language is central to schemes and projects such as Flying Start.

	C. Targets	D. Progress
through the medium of Welsh medium education in the Foundation Phase and by ensuring suitable progression into Key Stage 2. through the medium of Phase and by ensuring suitable progression into Key the Total and the Foundation Phase and by ensuring suitable progression into Key the Total Andrew Phase and by ensuring suitable progression into Key the Total Andrew Phase and by ensuring suitable progression into Key the Total Andrew Phase and by ensuring suitable progression into Key the Total Andrew Phase and British Phase and Br	2015 56% 2017 58% Continue to increase the percentage of learners aged 7 who are educated through the medium of Welsh as Teachers who Improve Welsh and Bilingualism (AGGaD), and System Leaders continue	Have reached the 2015 target in terms of the number of learners aged seven who are educated through the medium of Welsh. Bodes well for increasing further as 6 dual stream schools move along the linguistic continuum. After discussions with WG, starting to consult formally 2016-17 to change the school category. Discuss the possibilities of creating schools that provide in Welsh in the FP and then offer a choice of two streams in year 3 onwards.

Presentation has been created Target 8 schools to move for the schools that are along suitable for sharing with the language continuum governors and parents. Have by 2016. Researching into created a plan and started and consulting on a number of training on the advantages of English medium schools that bilingualism (based on academic research). Create a have the resources implement the Foundation new dual stream school in the Phase through the medium of Llanelli area- have formally Welsh. consulted - aiming to open a new school in September Target those English medium 2016. In discussions with WG schools to provide the for securing funding for a new Foundation Phase through school. the medium of Welsh- 2017. Proposed timetable / focus To adopt The admissions policy for children in Carmarthenshire The LA and the Assembly's schools have been identified robust schools depends on the local provision: as defined in the vision. Medium Education Welsh but difficulties with the need for methods of measuring the • Primary schools with nursery classes- admission in Strategy SA1, is to aim for a statutory process to achieve demand for the term following the child's third birthday, mainly the same target, namely "to any significant change. Welsh medium part time. Full time admission occurs before the improve the process of childcare planning Welsh medium Work alongside WG to child's fourth birthday: provision and provision in the pre-statutory facilitate the journey. statutory and statutory phases". • primary schools without nursery classes - full time education. To Aim to increase Welshadmission at the start of the term before the child's medium pre-school provision act promptly fourth birthday on the basis of in the catchment areas of 3 Continue to target schools with We try to ensure a choice for parents and offer equal parent survey opportunities by funding places for children within the English medium schools nurserv classes. See findings. provisions of voluntary and private organisations, such annually. attachment. as the Mudiad Meithrin. Ti a Fi or WPPA, in accordance Coordinator of Mudiad Meithrin with the guidelines set for them by the Carmarthenshire is a member of the Welsh Target schools with early Children's Partnership.

One nursery school and 31 nursery classes are sustained by the Education Authority.

Mudiad Meithrin has been a member of Carmarthenshire Children's Partnership from the outset. They are included in all discussions and decisions when formulating and agreeing the Authority's Plant for Early Years and Childcare.

Since there is a very wide network of Welsh medium schools and dual stream schools in the County, there is an opportunity for all pupils to continue their early education through the medium of Welsh, within a reasonable distance of their homes.

Carmarthenshire has developed an organised system of education and training, which responds to the demand for Welsh medium education. The county's unique position, being counted by us as a microcosm of the whole of Wales, means that we increase the number of people of all ages and backgrounds who are fluent in Welsh and can use the language with the families, in their communities and in the workplace.

Providing primary education, which has the aim of ensuring fluently bilingual pupils, is central to the mind-set of the Authority.

All pupils have the opportunity to receive such education, within a reasonable distance of their homes. The vast majority of the County's pupils are educated in the local community school. Some pupils, however, receive their education outside their community in line with their parents' wishes.

years classes to ensure at least 90% of the children continue with Welsh Medium education.

Working with Mudiad Meithrin / pre-school education providers to track the progression from Nursery Groups to Welsh-medium education in Dinefwr and Carmarthen.

Two paragraphs have been deleted

Education Forum.

Needs assessment has been completed in partnership with the Children's Services officers.

Collaborate with the Foundation Phase / Early Years team to ensure service in all areas.

To ensure that 21st Century School proposals include full consideration of Welsh medium provision.

The county's method of extending the provision is a strategic one under the leadership of the County Council. At present, we are focussing on how we can ensure sufficient suitable places for the children of those parents and carers who are eager to secure Welsh medium education for their children.

The Strategic Outline Programme tries to aim for better educational results and a better quality of life for children and young people, whatever their economic and social background. We also aim to reduce the educational differences within the classroom, between classes and between schools, and across the authority.

The Authority sticks steadfastly to the concept of the language continuum, facing the challenge of ensuring that all the County's schools move positively along the developmental line. This means that all schools have to regularly evaluate the role of Welsh as a subject, the use of Welsh as a medium and the position of Welsh as a context for school activities and organisation.

In light of the bilingual aim of the Authority's language policy, extended and extensive use must be made of Welsh throughout KS2 in Welsh Medium and Dual Stream schools, so that pupils attain the aim of being fluently bilingual by the time they transfer to the secondary sector. This means that at least 70% of the teaching and learning time has to be through the medium of Welsh in each year during KS2 in these schools.

• Some schools already provide more than 70% of the

Assessing the sustainability of education in small schools.

Complete the proposal to create a dual stream school in the Llanelli area.

Target the 11 dual stream schools by the Teachers who Improve Welsh and Bilingualism (AGGaD) through a specific plan to develop language.

8 Dual Stream Schools to become Transitional schools by 2016.

Extend the 70% and above percentage of teaching with support from the Teachers who Improve Welsh and Bilingualism (AGGaD), by teaching Mathematics and Science through the medium of Welsh.

100% of Welsh medium schools teaching Mathematics through the medium of Welsh by 2017.

Respond strategically to lack of sustainability of small schools- two schools closed in 2015. After discussions with the WG to ensure understanding of the process, follow the county's strategic programme on moving dual-stream schools. Two schools are transitional. By 2015 100% of Welsh Medium schools teach Welsh medium Mathematics. Ahead of the target.

The MEP unit is aware of school places and the programme to plan for growth.

Investment plans to reorganize secondary schools have been completed. Ysgol Dyffryn Aman has developed into a 2B school. Pantycelyn & Tregib schools have merged to create Ysgol Bro Dinefwr- a change from 2C to 2B in terms of provision. Gwendraeth and Maes yr Yrfa schools have merged to create a 2A school - Maes y Gwendraeth. A new extension for Maes y Gwendraeth and a new

	teaching and learning time through the medium of Welsh Raising standards of achievement amongst pupils in Welsh second language at the end of KS2 in English Medium schools. Intensive input from Teachers who Improve Welsh and Bilingualism (AGGaD), to train adults and pupils in the classroom in order to raise standards in second language. The county's plans for 21st century schools will present the proposed results WG intends to achieve in its Reorganisation of the Education and Training Provision in Wales, as well as the Welsh Medium Education Strategy documents.	The reorganisation of five 11- 19 schools in the Dinefwr area to create three centres of learning which will collaborate formally with Coleg Sir Gâr and with training providers to fulfil 14- 19 education. Welsh Medium provision to be monitored and developed through the implementation of the WESP. Paragraph deleted	building for Ysgol Bro Dinefwropening in 2016.
To improve collaborative working through consortia.	 The intention is to support elements of the Welsh medium provision by means of a partnership and the work of the ERW regional consortium as follows- working together across the region on the Welsh Literacy strategy Joint monitoring and evaluation of primary and secondary schools by using the expertise of regional System Advisers Sharing data and good practice across the region Attending and supporting Forum meetings and processes across the region Promoting Partneriaeth Beca curricular developments (Emlyn and Cardigan schools and Ceredigion College, and partners from the wider area between Ceredigion and Pembrokeshire) Funding Welsh medium provision via network and 14-19 Forum funding. 	The Welsh in Education Grant will be administered by the ERW consortium.	ERW Welsh in Education Committee hold regular meetings each term following ERW's business plan. The committee cascades to the Executive Board. ERW's Teachers who Improve Welsh and Bilingualism (AGGaD) Working Party have created extensive resources for the ERW website. The Welsh Second Language Charter working group has created the ERW Welsh Charter Campus resource

which is being piloted in January 2016 by 20 schools across ERW. A formal launch is to take place in July 2016. The Secondary Working Party across the consortium has created a new resource for the GCSE Welsh Literature and language specification. Training for effective use of the resources have been held in the Hubs and as part of the networking meetings. **Developing Secondary** Language Charter and Second Language Charter. Materials promoting the benefits of bilingual education. Officers and managers have To increase The Authority has six Language Centres, and their A "School to School" Plan is the ability to definition and role corresponds to that stated in the considered models of other in hand. The aim is to target take advantage Strategy. They serve pupils who have moved into the pupils who move from one counties by modifying the of Welsh bilingual communities of Carmarthenshire. They are school to another within the system of Carmarthenshire to medium located in Llandovery, Llandeilo, Amman Valley, Authority. be more flexible / ready to provision by Gwendraeth, Carmarthen and Whitland, and with one respond to local challenges. The Teachers who Improve means of exception, they are all in secondary schools. A immersion programme has been organised in order to ensure that Welsh and Bilingualism Decided to continue with the the latecomers, of whom there can be up to 12 at any (AGGaD), have an important language centres in the schemes and role as they reinforce the centres for one time, attend the Centres two days a week, for at schools because of the least a term. There is close co-operation with the work carried out by the geographical nature of the latecomers. Centres in the schools. This County and the cost of schools as teachers from the Centres visit them in a pattern of follow up care. The classroom teachers also, is done by working with the transporting learners. If the

in turn, have an opportunity to visit the Centres. The centres use the following schemes-

- Cynllun Cychwynnol Hwyrddyfodiaid (in the centres);
- Croeso i Gymru (booklet and CD in the schools);
- Cynllun Canol Latecomers;
- Cymru am Byth;
- Cynllun Croesi'r Bont;
- Cynllun Caru Cymru;
- 'Blas ar Gymru';

Bullet point deleted

classroom teachers and pupils every half term.

Preserving flexibility within the service in order to comply with the changes in the Strategy.

Continue with the Language stations project as and when required.

September 2014establishment of Canolfan Bro Dinefwr as a pivotal centre for county latecomers.

Establish language stations as required in Ammanford, Carmarthen and Gwendraeth area with a squad of three Teachers who Improve Welsh and Bilingualism (AGGaD), available to develop an initial plan for latecomers.

decision of Members is to move to the Ceredigion / Gwynedd system, this will require significant investment.

Language stations: Work based on aspects of Welsh history and developing Y5 extended writing skills. One week course; Pupils Yr5 of several schools together; 3 stations in a family of schools; 2 Teachers who Improve Welsh and Bilingualism (AGGaD), will co-present Primary / Secondary Transition Plan piloted in Bro Dinefwr primary schools in Summer 2015. Follow-up support from Teachers who Improve Welsh and Bilingualism at school.

Course in Language Centre - 2/3 days a week, for 10 weeks, 2 Teachers who Improve Welsh and Bilingualism (AGGaD) responsible for the teaching and care. Aftercare and further support from Teachers who Improve Welsh and Bilingualism (AGGaD) back at school. A total of one year of support is aimed for.

To establish a Welsh Medium Education Forum and establish contact with the Children and Young People's Plan. **Ensuring** consideration is given to resources and funding Welsh medium provision in the early years.

The Authority sticks steadfastly to the concept of the language continuum, facing the challenge of ensuring that all the County's schools move positively along the developmental line. This means that all schools have to regularly evaluate the role of Welsh as a subject, the use of Welsh as a medium and the position of Welsh as a context for school activities and organisation. Targets are set and schools are targeted by using data and then monitoring via the Regional Support, Challenge and Intervention Framework by a System Leader.

The links with the Children's Partnership is a practical and functional one and there are regular meetings. The intention is to ensure that the authority's strategic education documents and schemes include reference to the Strategic Improvement Plan for Education by means of co-operation and communication across the authority. The Welsh and Bilingualism System Leader is a member of the Members Advisory panel on the Welsh language, and regularly raises awareness of the content of the Strategic Improvement Plan for Welsh in Education and developments in Welsh medium education across the county.

Flying Start course offers support to non-Welsh parents of children entering the Foundation Phase

Blas ar Gymru Course is for parents who have just moved in to Carmarthenshire

Continuing to monitor, challenge and support schools to move along the linguistic continuum.

Target 3 Transitional schools to become Welsh medium by 2017.

Establish a Welsh Medium Education Forum by September 2014.

Arrange annual Welsh Education conferences and training for Welsh teachers (1st and 2nd language) on skills and methodology for classroom based language teaching.

A Welsh Medium Education Forum has been established - members:

Robert Sully- Director Gareth Morgans- CEO Aeron Rees - Head of Learner Programmes

Cllr. Cefin Campbell (Chair)

Cllr. Ryan Bartlett

Cllr. Thomas Theophilus

Cllr. DW Hugh Richards Cllr. W Gwyn Hopkins

Catrin Griffiths- Challenge Advisor with responsibility for Welsh

Julie Owen

Eryl Roberts- Amman Valley Ann Jones- QEH School Lee James- Llandybie School Heather Davies Rowlinson-Mudiad Meithrin

Other stakeholders to be part of the forum by invitation

Regular consultations with the main stakeholders will take place as this plan is formulated- Official meetings will be held regularly. Scrutiny Committees will be held regularly. • The county website will be used to invite parents and the public to offer comments. To provide Raising awareness of the Welsh medium provision and Complete the In the wake of the Language project of information to providing information to parents as follows-Charter posters and pamphlets raising awareness and understanding of the benefits were created including quotes parents/carers. Raise awareness of the benefits of Bilingualism by of a bilingual educationby Alex Jones and Nigel Autumn 2014. Owens. A DVD including a working collaboratively with County Council staff on PowerPoint on the benefits of creating a booklet on the benefits of bilingualism. Create a pamphlet and a bilingual education, interviews page on the county website with non-Welsh parents and The bilingual booklet "Carmarthenshire Schools: to raise awareness and comments from secondary Information for Parents" is published annually. Copies are distributed to schools, County Council understanding of the benefits school pupils is provided. of a bilingual education. offices and Libraries and are placed on the county Encourage schools to transfer website. The booklet contains the Authority's the information to their language policy, how to apply for registration in a websites. school and a list of all the County's schools, including the language category of all schools. The training of primary and All schools provide a prospectus, which clearly secondary governors on the records the school's detailed interpretation of the benefits of bilingual education County's language policy, including the role of Welsh is part of a training programme as a subject, and the use made of it, if applicable, as for 2015/16, to be presented in a medium for teaching and learning at the school. Spring 2016. • Definite arrangements give primary pupils an opportunity to visit the secondary schools. • Primary and secondary headteachers are the best source of detailed information regarding what individual schools offer. Information leaflets distributed by WG, TWF, and Mudiad

Meithrin explain the advantages of bilingualism and bilingual education, listing organisations or agencies who can give guidance, explanations and further support.

In December, in preparation for the choice the following September, a transfer package is sent to all Y6 pupils, giving them information about their local secondary school, as well as the closest bilingual school and copies of the prospectuses of the relevant schools. A bilingual transfer form is presented, which they are asked to complete and return to the central office by the end of January.

It explains that parents can express a preference for their children to receive their education in a particular school, but if parents wish their children to attend a school outside the catchment, the application will be allowed only if there is space and sufficient resources in the chosen school. The county transport policy will always be applicable. Information about schools is also available electronically on the County Council website.

(Paragraph has been edited)

Outcome 2: More learners continue to improve their language skills as they move from primary to secondary school Addition – outcome of Welsh Language Task and Finish Group

Recommendations from the Census Working Party- The Welsh Language in Carmarthenshire

AIM: Increase the provision of Welsh medium education in Carmarthenshire and ensure linguistic continuity from the nursery sector along the key stages to the secondary sector so that every pupil becomes fluent and confident in both Welsh and English languages.

- 9. That the County Council revisits the structure to ensure that Welsh medium primary schools are part of a secondary school family that can provide appropriate linguistic continuum from the primary sector to KS3 and KS4 and hold transition activities that reflect the linguistic nature of the primary schools which feeds it;
- 12. That the County Council expects secondary schools to build on the linguistic foundation laid by the Welsh medium primary schools by ensuring that all pupils continue to study Welsh as first language and as a learning medium up to KS4;
- 13. That the County Council adopts a clear continuity protocol with all primary and secondary Welsh schools (or bilingual), with appropriate training where needed, to increase the number of pupils continuing to study through the medium of Welsh at all key stages:
- 14. That the County Council researches the possibility of establishing a second-chance scheme within the transition period between primary and secondary sector by adopting the Immersion Scheme which has been very successful in a number of secondary schools across Wales;
- 15. That the County Council agrees a timetable and plan to support 2A, 2B and 3 schools to move along the language continuum over a period of time and to lead to ensure that all other secondary schools move along the language continuum and create an ethos that encourages respect towards the Welsh language;
- 16. That the County Council plans for growth in Welsh medium education in the secondary sector.
- 17. That the County Council maintains an ongoing marketing campaign to promote Welsh medium education by explaining the advantages of being bilingual to parents and pupils;
- 18. That the Council provides training for primary and secondary school governors on the advantages of Welsh medium education and the educational, economical and community reasons why the provision should be extended across the county;

19. That the County Council will undertake an assessment of the demand for Welsh medium education in specific areas where it is deemed necessary.

AIM: To increase the use of the Welsh language within the workplace

- **33.** That the County Council conducts a comprehensive review of the Council's jobs by department to identify posts where the Welsh language should be essential. The focus in the first place should be on jobs that provide direct service to the public.
- **39.** That the County Council ensures appropriate support and continuity to staff, within the workplace, to move along the language ability continuum as required. This will include those who are learning for the first time to those who want to improve their language skills. Managers should encourage and support staff to develop their skills by monitoring and recording progress and the use of the Welsh language in the workplace as part of the staff appraisal process.

A. Objective	B. Curren	t performance	C. Targets	S	D. Progress
To increase the	The percentage of Y9 pupils who are assessed in Welsh		Raise the percentage of Y9		2017 target reached -
percentage of the	First Language	e-	pupils who are		adapted to 45%.
Year 9 pupils who	Year	% Year 9 assessed in Welsh First	Welsh First La	anguage-	
are assessed in	I cai	Language			The MEP unit is aware of
Welsh (First	2010	36%	2012	37%	school places and the
Language)	2011	36%	2015	40%	programme to plan for
	2012	36.5%	2017	45%	growth.
	2013	35.6%		s been amended	
	2014	38.4%	following a sign in 2015.	illicant increase	
	2015	43%	111 2010.		An investment plan at
			Establish a lar	nguage station	Strade has been
	An explanation	on of the Local Authority's secondary	in the Llanelli	<u> </u>	completed and the Maes y
	schools- the t	total number of Secondary schools in			Gwendraeth investment is
	Carmarthensh	ire according to the definitions in WAG	Sustaining and	d increasing	in place.
	Information Do	ocument 023/2007 are as follows-	the number of		·
	2A (AB)	3 secondary schools		ally to pupils in	Schools are supported to
	Strade- Llane	•	Years 7, 8 and		provide a broad curriculum
		ndraeth- Cefneithin	schools so tha		in Welsh.
	Wides y Gwel	Taracar Comoranii	move along th		
	2B (BB)	2 secondary schools	authority's lan	guage	Primary-Secondary

Ysgol Dyffryn Aman- Ammanford continuum. **Transition** scheme piloted Ysgol Bro Dinefwr - Llandeilo in Dinefwr primary schools Offer training to the in Summer 2015/2016 Coedcae, Bryngwyn, and St. 3 (EW) 2 secondary schools John Lloyd and Glan y Mor Queen Elizabeth High- Carmarthen Continue with Language family of schools. Stations provision to Dyffryn Taf- Whitland respond to area needs Analyse further and track the 4 (EM) 5 secondary schools choices/standards of Bryngwyn- Llanelli schools. Coedcae- Llanelli Glan-v-Môr- Burry Port Promote and facilitate St John Lloyd Catholic- Llanelli bilingual education by Emlyn- Newcastle Emlyn supporting Year 7 and Year Section updated 8 learners- AGGaD Project. In Coedcae, Bryngwyn, Glan-y-Môr and St John Lloyd, Welsh is taught as a second language only. Bryngwyn Establish the Beasley Centre school offers part of the curriculum bilingually to pupils in in Ysgol y Strade- Summer Y7. This is an interesting increase, and is a very laudable **2014.** progression along the continuum. Collaborate with two 2A and The percentage of Year 9 pupils who are assessed in 2B schools to track progress Welsh First Language is comparatively low, and should of primary pupils into Year 7, rise as the number of 2B Bilingual Category secondary 8 and 9. schools increases as a result of transforming secondary education in Dinefwr. Two language stations established in the In addition, as a result of the Strategy, other schools will Gwendraeth Valley to target implement schemes to ensure that pupils continue with 75 pupils to reconcile first language programmes after transferring to KS3. transfer language to KS3. **Promoting more** The county's pupil tracking system will include the Ensuring a robust tracking Continue to target and information for Welsh-medium schools that are noneffective transition support schools to move system for settings -using the maintained and funded and maintained Welsh medium between the prealong the continuum.

-			_
school phase and statutory provision.	bilingual schools and will be a tool for targeting areas. The linguistic progression between the Foundation Phase and KS2 in Welsh medium schools is 100%, and is rising in dual stream schools. A number of Dual Stream schools are in discussions with the LA to move along the continuum in the direction of Transitional schools because of the number of pupils who choose Welsh medium education at the end of the Foundation Phase.	data to target areas Continuing to target and support schools to move along the continuum	Work jointly with the WG on the possibilities of creating schools with Welsh Medium FP with the Junior department providing a choice of language.
To promote a higher proportion of Welsh medium provision in bilingual schools.	Tracking systems will be used to measure linguistic progression between Welsh medium funded provision in the non-maintained pre-school sector and provision maintained within the Foundation Phase. Data, the Regional Framework for Support, Challenge and Intervention, training and courses in the classroom will be used to promote a higher proportion of Welsh medium provision in bilingual schools. In the Foundation Phase and KS2 the AGGaD, SL and ASL will monitor progress. Between KS2/3 and 3/4 data and tracking systems, the Regional Framework for Support, Challenge and Intervention, SL and ASL visits will be used to monitor progress. Across the Key Stages Literacy inspections and work scrutiny will focus specifically on linguistic progression. Develop further opportunities for learners to maintain and improve their Welsh language skills in Bilingual schools, in co-operation with partners in the county and across the region in order to promote the benefits of Welsh medium	Continue to carry out regional literacy surveys. Cooperation across the region to share data, share good practice, ensure consistency	Work jointly with Welsh for Adults. Training packages with suitable language have been created in conjunction with AGGaD. Courses delivered across the county. Use of the Net and lesson observation and work scrutiny tool by heads, teachers and challenge advisors across the region to raise levels and ensure consistency. In terms of increasing Welsh medium provision in specific schools in the Foundation Phase and KS2 theAGGaD are targeting schools and teachers for various training such as-Modelling good practice in the classroom Training adults and pupils

Т	loarning	and use expertise to raise	in the classroom
	learning.	and use expertise to raise standards	
	The properties of the curriculum procented through the	Statiualus	Targeting for WG
	The proportion of the curriculum presented through the		Sabbatical courses
	medium of Welsh and in dual stream primary schools is		Sabbatical courses
	at least 70% of the teaching time.		targeted for the WG
			Maintaining after care
	In the secondary sector there is variance across the 12		provision in class
	schools. The individual schools are regularly monitored	_	
	as regards the Welsh medium provision as follows-	medium provision in specific	
	SL Visits	schools.	
	ASL training		
	Literacy surveys		
	The AGGaD service	Raising awareness amongst	
	The Regional Support, Challenge and Intervention	parents.	
	Framework	•	
	Traniework		
	As regards increasing the Welsh medium provision in		
	specific schools in the Foundation Phase and KS2, the		
	AGGaD target schools and teachers for various training		
	such as –		
	Modelling good practice in class		
	 Training adults and pupils in class 		
	 Targeting for WG Sabbatical courses 		
	 Maintaining after care provision in class 		
	In KS3 the provision varies from school to school, but is		
	increasing as the restructuring becomes embedded. As		
	a result of the strategy, schools will implement schemes		
	to ensure that pupils continue to follow first language		
	programmes after transferring to KS3.		
	J		

Outcome 3: More 14-16 students studying for qualifications through the medium of Welsh.

Outcome 4: More 16-19 students studying subjects through the medium of Welsh in schools, colleges and work based learning

Addition – outcome of Welsh Language Task and Finish Group

Recommendations from the Census Working Party- The Welsh Language in Carmarthenshire

AIM: Increase the provision of Welsh medium education in Carmarthenshire and ensure linguistic continuity from the nursery sector along the key stages to the secondary sector so that every pupil becomes fluent and confident in both Welsh and English.

AIM: To mainstream development of the Welsh language as a core feature of any economic development plans within Carmarthenshire

AIM: To increase the use of Welsh in the workplace

- **33.** That the County Council conducts a comprehensive review of the Council's jobs by department to identify posts where the Welsh language should be essential. The focus in the first place should be on jobs that provide direct service to the public.
- **39.** That the County Council ensures appropriate support and continuity to staff, within the workplace, to move along the language ability continuum as required. This will include those who are learning for the first time to those who want to improve their language skills. Managers should encourage and support staff to develop their skills by monitoring and record progress and the use of the Welsh language in the workplace as part of the staff appraisal process.

AIM: To increase the range of opportunities to use the Welsh language in our communities, specifically opportunities for children and young people in order to strengthen the language outside of school.

- **45.** That the County Council, through the 14-19 Network, develops Welsh medium work experience opportunities and apprenticeships within the workplace for young people and increasing the demand and the ability for the private, public and voluntary sectors to operate bilingually.
- **46.** That the County Council works with Careers Wales through the 14-19 Network to promote the needs of the private sector regarding bilingual skills.

AIM: To increase the range of opportunities to use the Welsh language in our communities, specifically opportunities for children and young people in order to strengthen the language outside of school.

55. That the County Council coordinates a strategic action group which would include secondary schools, youth organisations of the county, further and higher education sector and the leisure sector to plan and to link the Welsh medium provision to ensure that the best possible use is made of the resources available within the County, to target the resources as required and identify any gaps.

A. Objective	B. Cu	rrent performan	се		C. Targets		D. Progress
To increase the percentage of 14-	The percentage of students (registered for GCSE Welsh first language) who study for 5 or more		Increasing the percentage to-		There was an increase from 2013 to 2015. The		
16 students who	qualification	ons at the end of	Year 11 through	the medium	2015	65%	impact of the investment
study for	of Welsh is	s as follows -	-		2017	65%	in Bro Dinefwr and Maes
qualifications		2010	55%				y Gwendraeth schools
through the		2011	60%	1	* The target has	s been amended	will be reflected in the
medium of Welsh		2012	56.1%		following an an		data in the future.
		2013	60%		2015 result and	the outlook for	
		2014	60.2%		2017.		Move schools along the
		<mark>2015</mark>	61.5% tbc				language continuum -Bro
				1			Myrddin to move from
	(registered	same time the d for GCSE Wels	sh first language) who study	Increasing the	percentage to-	category 2A to category 1- formal consultation
		more qualificatio			<mark>2015</mark>	<mark>89%</mark>	currently.
	through th	e medium of Wel		- -	<mark>2017</mark>	<mark>90%</mark>	
		2010	68%				Joint working across the
		2011	70%		Increasing the	number of pupils	region to create and
		2012	83.9%			Ish first language	coordinate resources and
		2013	87.7%		courses in 2E	3, 2C and 2CH	activities for the new
		2014	91.6%		category schoo	o <mark>ls.</mark>	specification. Share these
		2015	88.3% tbc				on the ERW website.
		<mark>me is achieved b</mark>					Lloing rooduress areated
		<mark>irst language Wel</mark>		through the			Using resources created for Carmarthenshire
	medium o	<mark>f Welsh in Key St</mark>	age 4.				
	T	er e		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·			Primary Charter to raise awareness of the benefits
		more qualification					
		mbitious for the p					of bilingualism.
		nty at present. As					
	schools in	<mark>icreases, such a</mark>	s in Dinetwr, it	is expected			

	that the number of pupils studying Welsh as a first language and following subjects through the medium of Welsh will increase in those schools by increasing the number and percentage that will follow two or more qualifications in Welsh. (Paragraph edited)		
To ensure that the provision for 14-16 learners complies with the Learning and Skills (Wales) Measure 2009.	The provision occurs mainly in the three Category 2A schools at present, with very little in the Category 2C and 2Ch schools. A number of vocational courses for 14-16 year olds are provided on Coleg Sir Gâr sites as well. The Welsh medium provision will develop and increase in schools through co-operation. The management structure for 14-19 education in the County, described below, will oversee the progress made and the Welsh medium provision. This will ensure that schools comply with the requirements of the Learning and Skills Measure. Carmarthenshire's 14-19 Network has provided a prospectus of courses for 14-19 pupils. This markets the courses that are available, including those which are in Welsh or bilingual. In addition, specific finance, a portion of the 14-19 grant, is allocated to develop the establishment of Welsh medium and bilingual courses. It should be noted that the County provides additional funding for schools through the finance formula according to the proportion of subjects offered through the medium of Welsh across the age range. This has promoted the provision of Welsh medium learning in the schools.	Continuing the provision in category 2A schools. Increasing the provision in 2B and 2C schools. Meet the new requirements in respect of 14-19 education provision, 2014	Continue the provision and raise understanding of the benefits of bilingualism. Start the Secondary Language Charter in conjunction with Gwynedd.
To increase the	The percentage of 16-19 students who study 2 or	Increase the percentage of 16-	Conducting a survey of

percentage of 16-19 students who study subjects through the medium of Welsh in schools. more subjects through the medium of Welsh/bilingually (e.g. elements of qualifications/modules)

2010	29%
2011	38%
2012	30.9%
2013	31.3%
2014	33.8%
<mark>2015</mark>	<mark>30.34%</mark>

Again, as in the case of outcomes specific to KS4, this is a difficult element to develop and increase outside the 3 2A Category schools in Carmarthenshire. The naturally bilingual schools are encouraged to present elements or all the aspects of the Welsh Baccalaureate course through the medium of Welsh to students who do not study their chosen subjects through the medium of Welsh.

County officers, via the structure of management meetings, work with schools and managers at Coleg Sir Gâr and other providers, such as the mentrau iaith, to increase the Welsh medium provision, which is available for post-16 students.

Schools within the Welsh Education Partnership, namely the three Category 2A schools, have taken pioneering steps by working together to increase the provision of vocational courses and more traditional fare. The Partnership provides courses in the 16-19 age range mainly.

An officer from the Authority attends Forum meetings in the south-west. Headteachers of Category 2A schools

19 students who study subjects through the medium of Welsh in 2A and 2B schools

2017	35%

* The target has been amended following an analysis of the 2015 result and the outlook for 2017.

Continuing to increase the elements of the Welsh Baccalaureate course through the medium of Welsh for pupils who are not studying their chosen subjects in Welsh.

language use. Joint working with Mentrau and Trywydd to try to raise awareness and understanding of the importance of continuing to study subjects through the medium of Welsh.

Develop a formal structure of collaboration across the region in practically and through networking.

	in Carmarthenshire are loyal members of the Forum and have become pioneers by developing the work of their Partnership with Coleg Sir Gâr and sustaining cross-boundary partnerships to support more traditional and vocational courses through the medium of Welsh. This will contribute to ensuring that the schools carry out the requirements of the Education and Skills Measure and ensure sustainable courses.		
To work through regional 14-19 networks and 14-19 Forums in order to sustain and improve the Welsh medium provision.	Specific sections of the previous comments and those below are relevant to this question. The network's 14-19 Operational Group includes representatives from the Authority, secondary heads and senior managers from Coleg Sir Gâr. This is the group that supervises the vocational provision, including the Welsh provision across the County. Representatives attend meetings of three area clusters and the Welsh medium partnership cross-cluster, which meets regularly to plan and implement the provision. A governors' joint committee oversees the work of each cluster and partnership. These are the channels that promote and support Welsh medium developments.	Continue to work together through 14-19 Forums in order to sustain and improve the Welsh medium provision.	Continue to work together through 14-19 Forums in order to sustain and improve the Welsh medium provision.
To gather and use data on the 14-19 Welsh medium provision Planning for a post-16 provision within partnerships.	The management structure described for the previous question monitors the Welsh medium provision in the 14-19 age range. Also, the quality assurance group gathers information, including pupils' opinions, and observes lessons, in order to prepare an annual self-evaluation report. The Welsh medium provision is addressed in these activities. Headteachers and curriculum managers from the schools and the College hold discussions for each	Continuing to respond to pupils' requirements as regards the medium of teaching and individual learning pathways, monitoring them regularly.	Secondary Language Charter to survey post 16. Continue to respond to the demands of pupils as regards the medium of individual learning pathways, monitoring them regularly.

meeting described in the structure above. This provides for school pupil requirements as regards the medium of teaching and individual learning pathways. The provision is added to annually.

There is very little Welsh medium provision for 14-19 pupils in the workplace, except in the field of children's education and development.

A prospectus of the 14-19 courses provided in Carmarthenshire's schools and colleges for 2010-11 has been prepared on paper and electronically. The Authority's officers led and managed this work. The medium of teaching is noted for each course. The prospectus does not include the provision in the workplace.

Have appointed a coordinating officer using Bwrw Ymlaen grant. The officer is working to create a smooth pathway between schools, colleges and the workplace.

Draw the attention workplace to the importance and benefits of maintaining opportunities for the Welsh Medium

- **33.** That the County Council conducts a comprehensive review of the Council's jobs by department to identify posts where the Welsh language should be essential. The focus in the first place should be on jobs that provide direct service to the public.
- **39.** That the County Council ensures appropriate support and continuity to staff, within the workplace, to move along the language ability continuum as required. This will include those who are learning for the first time to those who want to improve their language skills. Managers should encourage and support staff to develop their skills by monitoring and record progress and the use of the Welsh language in the workplace as part of the staff appraisal process.

AIM: To mainstream the Welsh language as a core feature in any economic development plans in Carmarthenshire

- **45.** That the County Council, through the 14-19 Network, develops Welsh medium work experience opportunities and apprenticeships within the workplace for young people and increasing the demand and the ability for the private, public and voluntary sectors to operate bilingually.
- **46.** That the County Council works with Careers Wales through the 14-19 Network to promote the needs of the private sector regarding bilingual skills.

AIM: To increase the range of opportunities to use the Welsh language in our communities, specifically opportunities for children and young people in order to strengthen the language outside of school.

- **56.** That the strategic action group ensures that it develops Welsh medium community opportunities that will support and reinforce the educational curriculum.
- **57.** That the County Council increases the Welsh medium provision within its youth service and supports staff within the service to develop their skills of working through the medium of Welsh.
- **58.** In accordance with the Youth Clubs Task and Finish Group (January 2014), the Council will prioritise increasing the Welsh medium provision as part of the new strategic approach by commissioning organisations that provide open access services through the medium of Welsh.
- **65.** That the County Council works more closely with the National Theatre of Wales in order to offer Welsh medium community opportunities.
- 66. That the County Council attracts and promotes Welsh and bilingual performances in its county theatres.

A. Objective	B. Current performance	C. Targets	D. Progress
To improve work	Compliance with Carmarthenshire Literacy Strategy		
on literacy skills in			
Welsh.	Intention 1- That all Carmarthenshire's schools should continue		Data report

to raise all pupils' attainments so that they all fulfil their potential		available
 Our aim is to- support and challenge the standard of teaching and learning in order to improve the quality of individual pupils' work and all the schools in the local authority; develop and support Welsh literacy system leaders; promote the sharing of good practice across the LA, ERW and within families; helping to develop and support Professional Learning Communities across the Local Authority; focus on developing skills for all learners in line with the 3-19 Skills Framework, giving a lead on developmental education; give a lead and assistance to develop independent learners; organise and support cross-phase meetings within schools and across families to promote continuity and progress; raise awareness and training in the use of IT to improve standards; ensure that effective systems are in place for assessment, tracking, recording, moderation and standards. Intention 2 - To help Carmarthenshire schools that are listed on the Support and Challenge Framework matrix, where the need to raise standards in Welsh literacy is greatest. Our aim is to- provide special training and support for the named schools Intention 3- To ensure that low attainment pupils succeed in 	Targeting the schools where the need to raise standards in Welsh literacy is greatest. Continuing to run training for intervention	
moving forward towards a standard of literacy which will enable them to take advantage of educational opportunities and become responsible members who fulfil their potential.	programmes such as Letters and Sounds. Dyfal Donc.	

Our aim is to-

- give schools advice on how to support groups which will need help with Welsh literacy;
- offer advice regarding training and preparing early intervention programmes;
- offer schools guidance on ways of encouraging parents to support their children.

Intention 4- To develop and cultivate critical self-evaluation methods

Our aim is to-

- support schools in the self-evaluation process in order to ensure that good practice is developed in Welsh literacy;
- work with schools/families to identify, support and nurture System Leaders;
- work with schools/families to support and cultivate effective PLCs.

Intention 5- To work with schools and education providers to raise awareness in the family and the wider community in order to deal with socio-economic disadvantages which act as a barrier to raising standards in Welsh.

Our aim is to-

- work with parents/carers to enable them to help the development of their children's Welsh literacy at home and in school;
- collaborate with the Mentrau laith to help schools to develop as centres of learning in their communities.

Intention 6- That all learners enjoy new creative experiences

Developing and cultivating critical self-evaluation

Continuing to work with schools and education providers to raise awareness in the family and the wider community in order to deal with socio-economic disadvantages, which act as a barrier to raising standards in Welsh.

	 Our aim is to- encourage all schools/families to continue to work closely with Libraries, Museums, Theatre in Education. 						
To improve provision and standards in Welsh first language.	The percentage of pupils at the end of the Foundation Phase that attain Outcome 5 in Language, Literacy and Communication in Welsh medium settings (Welsh Medium, Transitional and Dual Stream)			Target for raising the percentage-		0.6% below target. Continue to promote continuity of Letters and Sounds programme	
	Year	Foundation Phase achieving Outcome 5 in Welsh	Regional average	Welsh average	2015 2017 Promoting th		in the Foundation Phase as part of a project to raise Carmarthenshire standards.
	2012	85.40%	84.50%	85.93%	as part of after Cha Carmarthenshire's Advisors'		
	2013	86.2%	86.6%	86.2%		Targeting schools	
	2014	89.2%	90.2%	89.2%		Advisors' visits ar	
	2015	91.4%	92.2%	91.4%		conducting specif	
	Percentage of Year	pupils achieving L	4+ at the end of	key Stage 2-	project.		ERW training. 2015 target of
	i eai	achieving L4+ in Welsh	average	average	Raising the p	sercentage-	0.4% not achieved Continue to target and expand good
	2010	75.1%	80%	81%	2017	90%	practice in workin
	2011	80.5%	82%	82%			in Donaldson styl
	2012	83.2%	87%	84%			from school to
	2013	84.5%	85.8%	86.7%			school.
	2014	84.4%	87.3%	88.1%			
	2015	88.6%	89.5%	90.5%			
	Percentage ac	hieving L5+ in Wel	sh at the end o	f Key Stage 3-	Raising the p	percentage-	

Year	KS3 L5+ in	Regional	Welsh
	Welsh	average	average
2010	72.70%	78%	77%
2011	82.30%	84%	81%
2012	83%	86%	84%
2013	83.6%	86.8%	87.6%
2014	88.7%	90%	90.1%
2015	<mark>86.5%</mark>	<mark>89.2%</mark>	<mark>90.9%</mark>

% of pupils at end of KS4 who attain grades A*-C GCSE Welsh-

2011	74.4%
2012	73%
2013	72.9%
2014	69.1%
<mark>2015</mark>	<mark>72.3%</mark>

In order to try and improve standards of achievement, the intention is to continue to-

- Monitor and target schools by using the service provided by the Teachers who Improve Welsh and Bilingualism (AGGaD), in the primary sector, as well as System Leaders and Associate System Leaders
- Carry out an audit of reading levels/ages in KS2
- Monitor intervention projects regularly
- Note changes in the KS3 and 4 statistics after establishing the Dinefwr 2B school in 2013.
- Carry out Literacy surveys annually
- Follow a regional timetable for standardisation and moderation in literacy
- Target schools that need additional help according to the

2015	86%
2017	88%

Raising the percentage of grades A* - C in GCSE Welsh

2015	77%
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* The target has been amended following an analysis of the 2015 result and the outlook for 2017.

Continue to monitor data and set targets.
Respond to the results of the literacy survey by System Leaders.

Target achievedcontinue to target and expand good practice in the implementation of Donaldson ideas as regards support from school to school, working together, sharing good practice and regional moderation.

Still below target.
Continue to monitor and set targets.
Joint working across the region to share good practice.

	Regional Framework matrix.		
To increase opportunities for learners of all ages to practise their Welsh outside the classroom.	A number of projects provided by schools, Mentrau laith, the Welsh Language Board, Mudiad Meithrin, Estyn Llaw, Urdd Gobaith Cymru, Youth Committee, Young Farmers' Clubs and Welsh for Adults develop formal and informal teaching and learning opportunities which are inclusive and sustainable. They reinforce and realise the aim of ensuring that pupils are fluently bilingual, as well as cultivating co-operation between key partners in order to ensure continuity and progression in learning opportunities. Urdd residential courses and a wide range of after school clubs are	awareness of the opportunities to develop	Collaborate with Mentrau laith and AGGaD by means of Codi Caerau Charter
	provided in the Foundation Phase/KS2/KS3/KS4		
To improve the provision and standards in Welsh second language.	The percentage of pupils at the end of KS2 who attain L4 at least in Welsh Second Language- 2011 58.4% 2012 51.4% 2013 61.1% 2014 69.1% 2015 72.3% Cluster moderation in Key Stage 2/3 on raising standards in Welsh Second Language across schools identified these points: The Second Language Schemes of Work were revisited in order to ensure that the tasks set were challenging enough to provide evidence at levels 4/5; Continuity and progression throughout the school as regards the language patterns presented; Teachers need to have high expectations; Better understanding is needed of the Second Language level descriptors – Speaking, Reading and Writing	Continue to raise the percentage of pupils at the end of KS2 who attain at least L4 in Welsh second language- 2015 64% 2017 68% * The target has been amended following an analysis of the 2015 result and the outlook for 2017.	Targets have been achieved Moderation across the county and moderation across ERW. Launch Second Language Charter to raise awareness in 2016

- The status of Welsh as a second language was raised in the English medium schools
- The importance of standardisation and moderation across schools, the family, the Local Authority and ERW.

The percentage of pupils at the end of KS3 who attain Level 5 in Welsh second language-

2010	52.9%
2011	61.8%
2012	63.5%
2013	70.6%
2014	76.6%
<mark>2015</mark>	<mark>80.9%</mark>

Considerable increase during the course of a year.

The percentage of pupils at the end of KS4 who attain grades A*-C in the Welsh Second Language GCSE Full Course –

2010	67.7%
2011	69.7%
2012	67%
2013	69.8%
2014	78.2%
<mark>2015</mark>	<mark>79.5%</mark>

The percentage of pupils at the end of KS4 who attain grades A*-C in the Welsh Second Language GCSE Short Course –

2010	77%
2011	69%
2012	0%

Continue to raise the percentage of pupils at the end of KS3 who attain at least L5 in Welsh second language-

2015	72%
2017	75%

* The target has been amended following an analysis of the 2015 result and the outlook for 2017.

Continue to raise the percentage of pupils at the end of KS4 who attain grades A*-C in the Welsh Second Language GCSE Full Course –

2015	80%
2017	82%

* The target has been amended following an analysis of the 2015 result and the outlook for 2017.

Target has been achieved.
Reflection of the input by AGGaD and collaboration between the Primary and Secondary across ERW

Within reach of the target- ensure maintenance of standards in second language by ensuring an increase in the mother tongue as well.

	2013 0% 2014 0% 2015 0%	Maintaining the Welsh Second Language percentages by ensuring the raising of First Language Welsh percentages Continuing to ensure that no pupils sit the Welsh Second Language Short Course.	
To increase the opportunities for learners of all ages to practise their Welsh outside the classroom.	 The occasional use of Welsh in English Medium schools is developed: Using Teachers who Improve Welsh and Bilingualism (AGGaD), to target teachers who have very little Welsh, and training them in the classroom; Follow-up sabbatical courses; Training in the use of packages for occasional use of Welsh, including games and the language of the school yard; Courses for adults based on the occasional language of the classroom Programmes to reward occasional usage in class and around the School Working with Youth Committees Joint creation of language posters for occasional usage Eisteddfodau Concerts Clubs Educational trips Mentrau laith and the Welsh Language Board have a number of projects in the county's primary and secondary schools, e.g. 'Blas ar 	number of teachers who use Welsh naturally now and again in the school Creating a Welsh atmosphere and ethos on a daily basis.	Carmarthenshire 'Codi Caerau' Charter is a vehicle to increase opportunities for pupils, staff and parents to use Welsh outside the classroom. Identification and recruitment of teachers and teaching assistants for the Entry, Foundation and Advanced levels Courses. AGGaD contribute linguistic expertise and methodology

	Gymru' for latecomers and their families. In the case of secondary pupils it is expected that events at cluster or county level that are organised by the Authority and by schools should be held bilingually, providing an opportunity for non-Welsh speaking pupils and learners to hear Welsh being used. This will include events such as the youth forum, health education, drugs, careers, etc. Similarly, visitors to schools are expected to use Welsh at every possible opportunity and to promote the advantages of bilingual education.				during courses. Supporting practitioners back in their schools Introducing annual sessions on introducing 2nd Language methodologies to students in the second year of the B.Ed. course
To increase the Welsh and Welsh Second Language A Level registrations, as a percentage of the	2010 7% 2011 7% 2012 4.5% 2013 5.4%		This issue created a concern for unconcern f	us in shire but we ects the	Research is being carried out to ensure the integrity of GCSE and transmission to Post 16 data - to understand the reasons for a reduction in the
Welsh and Welsh Second Language GCSE registrations.	The percentage of Welsh Second I who go on to study at A Level- 2010 2011 2012 2013 2014 2015	4% 3% 3.6% 2.5% 3.2% 2.55%	However our increase the GCSE Welsh Second Lang candidates we study A level 2015 2017	cohort of n and Welsh guage who go on to	number studying A Level - nature of the course, individual choice Collaborate with Coleg Sir Gâr to improve understanding of A

It would be very desirable if the authority and individual schools could increase the number of 16+ students who study Welsh first or second language as an examination subject. This is no easy task, but we hope it will happen naturally, as an increase in Welsh is seen as a result of implementing the Welsh Strategy from the Foundation Phase up to 19 years over a period of time. This will be part of the criteria for measuring the success of our Strategy.

At the same time, in line with the requirements of the Skills and Learning Measure, today's children receive more of a choice of courses, and the competition to attract 16-19 students has a detrimental effect on the numbers studying Welsh.

We should also note that the percentage above does not take into account the number of pupils who have left Carmarthenshire's secondary schools with a GCSE qualification in Welsh first or second language, to continue their post-16 education at a college. Information regarding those who are studying Welsh at A level in the colleges has not been considered here.

Level data across the county. Joint training across the region to share practice to inspire students to continue studying A level.

Outcome 6: Improving the Provision of Additional Learning Needs through the medium of Welsh Addition – outcome of Welsh Language Task and Finish Group

Recommendations from the Census Working Party- The Welsh Language in Carmarthenshire

AIM: Increase the provision of Welsh medium education in Carmarthenshire and ensure linguistic continuity from the nursery sector along the key stages to the secondary sector so that every pupil becomes fluent and confident in both Welsh and English.

- 17. That the County Council maintains an ongoing marketing campaign to promote Welsh medium education by explaining the advantages of being bilingual to parents and pupils;
- 18. That the Council provides training for primary and secondary school governors on the advantages of Welsh medium education and the educational, economical and community reasons why the provision should be extended across the county;

A. Objective	B. Current performance	C. Targets	D. Progress
To improve the provision of Additional Learning Needs	The Local Authority has made a commitment to provide a bilingual service to Carmarthenshire learners. The following is our vision for the service -	By December 2014, via the review of the School/LA Partnership Agreement all schools to adopt the principle.	Schools share information with parents. Schools have pride in the
(ALN) through the medium of Welsh.	We will work with our partners to ensure that all children and young people have the opportunity to fulfil their potential, in a bilingual environment, which respects and values all cultural traditions.	LA's website/school	provision of training and sharing of resources across ERW.
	We will implement this by- Employing staff who are confident to work in Welsh and English	From now on, appoint staff with the appropriate/suitable skill for the setting.	service will be available for Carmarthenshire schools and pupils.
	 Working to support the development of language skills amongst those who are lacking in confidence to communicate and write in Welsh. Supporting teachers and ALN Co-ordinators in our Welsh medium schools so that they are confident in 	From now on, ensuring staff who can work in Welsh or bilingually and the availability of appropriate resources so	Develop bilingual resources in response to changing legislation

supporting children/young people who have additional needs.

- Ensuring Welsh or bilingual education is available for all pupils in the specific units for educating children who have profound difficulties and that all pupils have an equal opportunity to receive education and support in their chosen language, whatever their disabilities.
- Developing bilingual programmes of support/intervention so that the same resources are available for children who choose to attend Welsh medium schools.
- Carrying out a survey of the present provision, gauging the demand for ALN in Welsh.

Carrying out a survey of the present provision, gauging the demand for ALN in Welsh by-

- Consulting regularly with Headteachers/ALN Coordinators to gauge the demand for Welsh medium provision
- Consulting with officers/staff in the department e.g. Education Psychologists, Pupil Progress Officers, System Leaders on areas for development.
- Considering data regarding pupils within the system and the demand for specialised Welsh medium provision.
- Consulting with parents through the Annual Review/SNAP agency process.
- Implementing provision development schemes for ALN in the Dinefwr Area in two Category 2B schools and one Category 2A school.
- Continuing work at regional level to examine the potential of joint working to provide specialised services locally rather than having to buy places for children in

that the service can be provided.

Introducing/creating appropriate bilingual material on every occasion.

in ALN.

Summer term 2014- Carry out a detailed self-evaluation of the service that will note the current situation of the service, and will include an inspection of the current provision e.g. the bilingual abilities of staff.

Autumn term 2014- create an action plan to respond to the findings and incorporating any service improvements into the School Modernisation

Working with WG on an analysis of the ALN workforce.

Provide bilingual courses and workshops to meet local needs.

provisions outside the area.	Programme.	
 Developing the new system of supporting children who have ALN (Child Centred Planning, Individual Development Plans, Learners Rights), ensuring that the process is available in Welsh and English. Sharing information with parents. Working with the various agencies to agree on the principle and provision. Employing/training providers in the necessary bilingual skills. 	Implementing the agreed schemes by extending the current provision and the ability to operate bilingually.	
 Incorporating in the School Modernisation Programme. Continuing to work with other Authorities on developing specialised services locally. 		

Outcome 7: Planning the workforce and supporting continuous professional development -

Addition – outcome of Welsh Language Task and Finish Group

Recommendations from the Census Working Party- The Welsh Language in Carmarthenshire

AIM: Increase the provision of Welsh medium education in Carmarthenshire and ensure linguistic continuity from the nursery sector along the key stages to the secondary sector so that every pupil becomes fluent and confident in both Welsh and English.

20. That the County Council works with every governing body to conduct a language skills audit in order to consider the linguistic needs of the workforce and be able to move the school along the language continuum.

AIM: To increase the use of the Welsh language within the workplace

- **33.** That the County Council conducts a comprehensive review of the Council's jobs by department to identify posts where the Welsh language should be essential. The focus in the first place should be on jobs that provide direct service to the public.
- **39.** That the County Council ensures appropriate support and continuity to staff within the workplace, to move along the language ability continuum as required. This will include those who are learning for the first time to those who want to improve their language skills. Managers should encourage and support staff to develop their skills by monitoring and recording progress and the use of the Welsh language in the workplace as part of the staff appraisal process.

A. Objective	B. Current performance	C. Targets	D. Progress
To ensure a	We work with school governing bodies to try and fulfil	There are no problems	
sufficient supply of	the need for practitioners to learn by ensuring	as regards recruiting	
practitioners for	awareness and understanding of the following-	Welsh-speaking staff,	
Welsh medium		but in order to ensure	
education.	 The Local Authority vision; 	high standards,	
	Carmarthenshire's Welsh in Education	language improvement	
	Strategic Plan;	courses are provided.	
	 The Welsh Medium Education Strategy; Discussions with System Leader; The Headteacher's vision; Training for Governors; 	Establishing a database and updating it annually.	Data base is live.

			T
	 Presentations of the Welsh and Bilingualism 		
	Briefing Paper		
Improving	The language skills of the workforce have been	Working together to	Collect linguistic skills
practitioners'	audited regularly by means of-	use one questionnaire	information annually
language skills.		to gather information	
Improving	A Language Questionnaire every alternate year for	about the workforce's	Conduct evening sessions at the
practitioners'	all members of staff in schools	language skills	request of individual schools on
methodology skills	A survey by the Council to gather information		aspect(s) of the AGGaD
	about the language skills of staff – the E-learning		
	electronic questionnaire Welsh Language		Welsh learning sessions,
	Awareness which was developed to outline		developing Bilingualism or
	responsibilities under the Language Act 1993 and		improving language on INSET
	the Welsh Language Measure 2010.		days, during the school day or
			evening sessions.
	You will also see references to learning needs by		Language support for teaching
	medium. The courses are distributed as necessary at	Increasing the co-	assistants at work in the
	an individual level, to schools or to families of schools.	operation amongst	classroom.
		Welsh co-ordinators in	
	The following will be used to identify the training	order to develop	Identification and recruitment of
	methodology needs of those teaching in the Welsh	strategies and	teachers and teaching assistants
	and bilingual sector:	consistency across	for the Entry, Foundation and
		ERW	Advanced levels Sabbatical
	System Leader visits		Courses.
	 The Regional Support, Challenge and 		
	Intervention Framework		ACCOR contribute line suietie
	The AGGaD Service		AGGaD contribute linguistic
	 Professional Learning Communities 		expertise and methodology during
	 Associate System Leaders 		courses.
	Data		Supporting practitionary book in
	 Family CPD plans, using grant funding 		Supporting practitioners back in their schools.
	Language questionnaires		1 11011 30110013.
			Introducing annual sessions on
	CPD programmes will be provided in partnership with		introducing Second Language
	agencies such as WJEC and the Sabbatical courses,		Introducing Second Language

based on the needs and requirements of practitioners, identified via the needs questionnaire, network meetings and family plans for the School Effectiveness grant.

The Sabbatical courses will be vital to help schools who are changing category, as well as classroom training and mentoring across schools. Also, support through PLCs, System Leaders and AGGaD visits will be key. The PLC scheme and System Leaders are vital to ensure sustainability.

The System Leaders are used strategically for training and mentoring and respond to the requirements and needs of schools/families.

The following are used:

- Data
- The Regional Support, Challenge and Intervention Framework
- The Welsh Medium Education Strategy
- The Welsh in Education Strategic Plan
- The Literacy Strategy
- The Regional Framework for Inspecting Literacy
- Communication and co-operation
- A living language: a language for living 2012 to 2017 - WG

The training and reports from visits ensure this.

The main aim of CPD is to raise standards in literacy and dual literacy. Using Improving School

Continue to evaluate the impact of the Sabbatical course on classroom practice.

methodologies to students in the second year of the B.Ed. course.

Plans for effective language provision-target Carmarthen and Llanelli areas.

Teachers and DS/WM schools, which are moving along the continuum, will be

	Effectiveness, the families give priority to programmes of intervention such as Llythrennau a Synau/Letters and Sounds. See also the aims and objectives of the Literacy Strategy – outcome 5. The Local Authority identifies teachers for the WG Sabbatical Programme and Welsh language courses within the Sabbatical Programme. Welsh courses are provided by AGGaD to refresh skills, follow-up programmes, support and mentoring. Monitoring will	targeted by the AGGaD. Continuing with the joint working agreement.	
	take place when they return to class, and there will be expectations as regards raising standards in Welsh Second Language.		
	Trinity St David University and the Education Department have agreed that one of the AGGaD should be part of the team jointly responsible for the Sabbatical courses.		
To integrate Welsh medium considerations into all aspects of the School Effectiveness Framework	All school families across the county are considering improving attainment in Welsh first and second language and in Welsh medium/bilingual methodology in PLCs. Standardisation and moderation training was provided across the Local Authority in 2012/13. Schools are supported by sharing data, sharing good practice and sharing resources. At ERW regional level the work of actively supporting the teaching of Welsh and Welsh Second Language is	Extending joint working and considering exchanging specialist staff.	Each school family across the local authority is considering improving attainment in Welsh First Language and Second Language and Welsh / bilingual methodology in PLCs. Standardization and moderation training was provided across the local authority and region
	 Literacy Focus Group; Training by SL and ASL; Programmes of intervention - Dyfal Donc, 		The Language Charter will drive the use of Welsh Focus in the LA on- • A culture of high level

Llythrennau a Synau/Letters and Sounds;

The following need to be created:

- A culture of high level performance and equality;
- A reduction in the performance gap within schools and between schools;
- A reduction in the performance gap between boys and girls;
- Ensuring resources and Professional Practice Networks are used effectively.

Professional Learning Communities are established in order to deal with the following:-

- teaching Welsh and Welsh Second Language
- improving Welsh literacy/dual literacy;
- teaching other subjects through the medium of Welsh/bilingually;
- acquiring Welsh language skills in the Foundation Phase;
- planning for informal use of Welsh in schools.

AGGaD will initiate the work, and then, in order to ensure sustainability, will also be responsible for follow up care.

performance and equality;

- A reduction in the performance gap within schools and between schools:
- A reduction in the performance gap between boys and girls;
- Ensuring resources and Professional Practice Networks are used effectively.

PLCs are set up to tackle:

- teaching Welsh and Welsh Second Language
- improving Welsh literacy/dual literacy;
- teaching other subjects through the medium of Welsh/ bilingually;
- acquiring Welsh language skills in the Foundation Phase;
- planning for informal use of Welsh in schools

The above aspects are embedded in the Challenge Advisors' visits.

Adran 2: Welsh in Education Grant, Developing the workforce and Continuous Professional Development – Addition as a result of launching our Welsh medium Primary Schools Language Charter

Following agreement at the School Improvement Steering group comprising of headteacher representatives and LA officers it was agreed that WEG funding should be devolved directly to secondary schools. It was also agreed that WEG funding for primary schools would be retained centrally enabling the AGGaD Service to lead on a number of networks of professional practice as well as to provide targeted support for particular schools and CPD.



AGGaD provision for raising standards of bilingualism

Codi Caerau- Carmarthenshire Language Charter

(CAER comes from *Caer*fyrddin- the name of the county, and the source of the word CAER is the Latin *castrum* which means castle or stronghold)

One of the objectives of CLC was to develop a language charter to for Carmarthenshire schools that was based on Gwynedd schools charter and is funded by the Welsh Government. The aim of Codi Caerau is to provide a framework that can be used to promote and increase the use of Welsh in a social context. Simply put, the main aim of Codi Caerau is to encourage Carmarthenshire children and young people to learn and speak Welsh.



A 'character' has been invented to help deliver the message to primary pupils. Here 'Celt' reminds children about the importance of learning to speak Welsh. We will draw up a series of activities based on Celt - reading books, drama, and local history.

Marketing Advantages

Marketing materials for bilingualism have been created – Posters, Pamphlets, DVDs, Bookmarks, Badges, Bands, to:

- Promote the value of being bilingual in Carmarthenshire and Wales.
- Present facts based on research.
- Presented in a simple and clear way.
- Use County stars to support the campaign, namely Alex Jones and Nigel Owens.
- Conduct training sessions on implementing the Charter.

Cwrs Cloncan	Targeting pupils, teachers and assistants to raise standards through Oral Activities and ideas with
	stimulating games from the Foundation Phase to widely independent writing in Year 6.
Cynllun "Medru Dweud Medru	
Gwneud"	communication skills. Leading to raising standards in listening, reading and writing including the Six
	Purposes for writing.
Pecyn Drilio iaith drwy Gân	Learning sentence patterns and language rhythms through songs.
Ideas on how to Build Confider	nce and a Positive Attitude in the transition from the Foundation Stage and Key Stage 2
Supporting teachers and assis	tants in the Foundation Phase to raise bilingual skills.
Mathemateg drwy gyfrwng Cymraeg	Combining language work and developing skills across the curriculum by introducing Mathematics on Problem Solving in Welsh medium schools
Agweddau ar Wyddoniaeth	Combining language work by developing skills across the curriculum by introducing scientific experiments in Welsh Medium schools.
Training	Workshops exemplifying motivational activities and stimulating teaching methodology
	Welsh Lessons for adults who are part of a school's staff
Providing opportunities for We	elsh Sabbatical Training and Post Sabbatical Training back in the classroom
Setting up Fun Clubs in Englis	h medium schools and identifying squads of pupils as leaders
Y Canolfannau Cymraeg	Latecomers Project
	Key Stage 3 transition support
	Planning;
	 Planning continuing assessment opportunities in teaching;
	e i
	■ I Discussing and leading the planning of language skills as required by the curriculum
	Discussing and leading the planning of language skills as required by the curriculum.
Language Stations	 Discussing and leading the planning of language skills as required by the curriculum. Raising levels 4 and 5
Language Stations	

AGGaD Scheme Developmental plan to satisfy Carmarthenshire LA English Medium Schools.

More detail on support provided to English Medium Schools

Situation in 2010-2012

- Cynllun Cloncan established;
- Targeted -Dechrau Cloncan (Foundation Stage), Dal i Gloncan (Years 3 and 4) Mwy o Gloncan (Years 5 and 6);
- Several other packages related to bilingualism created to be offered in the Catalogue of resources for the schools;
- The needs of each English medium and dual stream school during the two years was satisfied;
- Training was held;
- The AGGaD Bilingualism Team Leader was responsible for Sabbatical Courses in collaboration with Trinity College, St David's for teachers with limited Welsh and classroom assistants.

English Medium and Dual Stream Schools are clustered into "Families" and the authority encourages collaboration in this way. Within these families, AGGaD identified the schools that are far from each other on the linguistic continuum and will these will be specifically targeted to raise standards and move schools- not necessarily in the same family, but with the same language requirements- to achieve further development in bilingualism. This will be the priority, but support will continue to all English medium schools in the LA.

Hold annual Welsh and Welsh Second Language Workshops in order to present information about new plans and developments, modelling good practice and sharing resources with teachers

Short Term 2 Year Plan- targeting Schools who are lower down on the linguistic continuum

- 1. Provide a Bilingualism Statement for all schools and encourage them to identify where they are on the language continuum;
- 2. Discuss with target schools how to use leadership to move forward;
- 3. Recommend the Class Teacher Language Training Plan which is linked to ...
- 4. The Sabbatical course
- 5. The training programme for support staff which will lead to...
- 6. Modelling classroom lessons.

By channeling the energy of the AGGaD on the above these schools can provide Cynllun Cloncan independently. The Delivery, Discussion and Recommendations will happen in groups in one centre.

It is intended to organize a Mobile Centre as a dedicated Bilingualism work-room in a central school at the heart of the target schools, and a series of Open Days and Development Evenings earmarked for an extensive period.

The work of the Centre will be developmental:

- by working with the Welsh and Bilingual Departments of the Secondary School Families it is intended to facilitate the transition from Yr 6 to 7;
- through collaboration it is intended to accelerate the development and raise standards consistently.

This group of schools will receive a Developmental Plan on the use of casual language which will provide them with sequential and functional language patterns.

Start to collaborate with Welsh-Bilingual departments to establish-

- immersion groups;
- bridging groups
- · Ongoing training of teachers and support staff

Language stations: again based on aspects of Welsh history and develops extended writing skills of pupils in Y5. A Week's course; Y5 pupils from several schools –

- I together; 3 stations in a family of schools; 2 AGGaD will co-present
- Primary-Secondary Transition Plan piloted in schools in Dinefwr.

Updated Data

Appendix 3: Numbers and percentages of pupils attending Welsh medium funded non-maintained settings that provide the foundation phase transferring to Welsh medium and bilingual schools - INCLUDED SEPARATELY

Appendix 4: Number and percentage of pupils in Welsh-medium and bilingual primary schools transferring to Welsh-medium secondary schools

Total number of pupils in Welsh-medium and bilingual primary schools	Total number of pupils transferring to Welsh secondary schools	Percentage of pupils transferring to Welsh- medium or bilingual secondary schools
Yr. 6 Cohort 2010 = 863	789	91.4%
Yr. 6 Cohort 2012 = 1035	952	92%
Yr. 6 Cohort 2013 = 1073	1005	93.7%
Yr. 6 Cohort 2014 = 1057	967	91.8%
Yr. 6 Cohort 2015 = 1127	960	85.25%

^{*} A piece of analytical work being carried out on the reduction in the number of children transferring from Welsh primary education to Welsh Secondary education.

Appendix 4: Attainment and performance in Welsh Second Language

Key Stage 2	Number of Pupils	Percentage of Pupils	Percentage achieving Level 4
Teacher assessment in Welsh Second Language at the end			
of Key Stage 2.			
2011	1,877	49%	58.9%
2012	1,779	42%	51.4%
2013	1,862	49.2%	61.1%
2014	895 out of 1868	47.9%	67.4%
2015	818 out of 1767	46.3%	65.4%

Key Stage 3	Number of Pupils	Percentage of Pupils	Percentage achieving Level 5
Yr 9 pupils that have a Teacher assessment in Welsh			
2nd Language at the end of Key Stage 3			
2012	1289 out of 2021	63.7%	67%
2013	1257 out of 1983	63.3%	71%

2014	1198 out of 1959	61.2%	76.6%
2015	1081 out of 1926	56.1%	80.9%

Appendix 5: Acronyms

ALN	Additional Learning Needs		
ASL	Associate Challenge Adviser		
AGGaD	Teachers who support the teaching of Welsh/development of bilingualism		
CPD	Continuous Professional Development		
ERW	Education through Regional Working		
FPh	Foundation Phase		
WEG	Welsh in Education Grant		
IT	Information Technology		
KS2	Key Stage 2		
KS3	Key Stage 3		
KS4	Key Stage 4		
LA	Local Authority		
PLC	Professional learning Community		
SEF	School Effectiveness Framework		
SEG	School Effectiveness Grant		
SL	Challenge Adviser		
TWF	Offers free advice to parents on raising children in 2 languages from day 1		
WG	Welsh Government		

Appendix 6: Secondary Schools Categories – Addition – for information and clarification

Category	Curriculum	Language of School	Outcomes
Welsh	All subjects apart from English are taught	Welsh is the day to day language of	The assessment at KS3 and KS4
medium	through the medium of Welsh to all	the school. Welsh is used as the	will be through the medium of
1	pupils. Some schools may introduce	language of communication with the	Welsh in all subjects apart from
	English terminology in	pupils and for the school's	English or other languages. The
CC	one or two subjects	administration. The school	pupils will be able to progress to
		communicates with parents in both	Welsh medium Post 16 provision.
		languages.	
Bilingual	This category has 4 sub-divisions	The day to day language or languages	For pupils in 2A, 2B and 2C
	according to the subjects taught	of the school will be determined by its	following the maximum number of
	through the medium of Welsh and	linguistic context.	courses through the medium of
	whether there is parallel provision in	Both languages are used to	Welsh, the assessment at KS3
	English.	communicate with pupils and for the	and KS4 would be through the medium of Welsh in those
	At least 80% of subjects apart from	school's administration. A high priority is given to creating a Welsh ethos. The	subjects and they would be able to
2A	English and Welsh are taught through	school communicates with parents in	progress to post 16 provision
20	the medium of Welsh only to all pupils.	both languages	through the medium of Welsh in
	One or two subjects are taught to some	bott languages	chosen subjects.
	pupils in English or in both languages.		chosen subjects.
	papilo in English of in Sour languages.		
	At least 80% of subjects (excluding		
2B	Welsh and English) are taught through		
	the medium of Welsh but are also taught		
	through the medium of English.		
	_		
	50 - 79% of subjects (excluding Welsh		
2C	and English) are taught through the		
	medium of Welsh but are also taught		
	through the medium of English		

Category	Curriculum	Language of School	Outcomes
2CH	All subjects, except Welsh and English taught to all pupils using both languages.		
English medium with significant use of Welsh	Both languages are used in teaching with 20 - 49% of subjects taught through the medium of Welsh. All subjects would normally also be taught through the medium of English.	The day to day language or languages of the school will be determined by its linguistic context. Both languages are used for communication with the pupils and for the school's administration. A high priority is given to creating a Welsh ethos. The school communicates with parents either in both languages or in English.	Pupils choosing Welsh medium options could be assessed through the medium of Welsh in those subjects at all levels and would able to progress to study at post 16 through the medium of Welsh for those subjects.
Predominantly English Medium secondary school	Pupils are mainly taught through the medium of English. Welsh is taught as a second language up to KS4. One or two subjects (which could include Welsh first language) may be taught as an option through the medium of Welsh or using both languages.	English is the day to day language of the school, but some Welsh is also used as a language of communication with the pupils, with the aim of improving their capacity to use every day Welsh. The school communicates with parents either in English or in both languages.	Any pupils choosing Welsh medium options could be assessed through the medium of Welsh in those subjects at all levels would be able to progress to study at post 16 through the medium of Welsh for those subjects. Most pupils would be assessed in English in most subjects and would progress to English medium post 16 studies.